

1. Which of the following is not a proposed moral category of medical jargon?
  - a. Euphemisms
  - b. Derogatory jargon
  - c. Initiatory jargon
  - d. Demonstrative jargon\*
  - e. Technical jargon
  
2. In terms of clinical medical jargon, which is true?
  - a. Physicians do not have to be aware of the ways in which they use medical slang
  - b. Jargon can serve useful purposes, but its moral status depends on the function of its use and the context of its use\*
  - c. Medical jargon should never be used under any circumstance
  - d. Jargon that is derogatory can be used if necessary to get a point across
  
3. Which of the following is not an example of technical jargon?
  - a. CABG
  - b. Passed\*
  - c. NPO
  - d. Extubated
  - e. AMA
  
4. What is a euphemism?
  - a. A word or a phrase that is inherently less expressive than another but considered to be less distasteful\*
  - b. An unpleasant word or phrase that is used instead of one that is pleasant [opposite meaning]
  - c. A thing that is comparable to something else in significant respects [analogy]
  - d. An expression that cannot be understood from the meanings of its separate words but that has a separate meaning of its own [idiom]
  
5. Which of the following is not a principle adopted by the American Medical Association as a standard of conduct to define the essentials of honorable behavior for physicians?
  - a. A physician shall support access to medical care for all people
  - b. A physician shall, while caring for a patient, regard symptom remission as paramount\*
  - c. A physician shall be dedicated to providing competent medical care, with compassion and respect for human dignity and rights
  - d. A physician shall respect the law and also recognize a responsibility to seek changes in those requirements which are contrary to the best interests of the patient
  
6. A physician shall uphold the standards of professionalism, be honest in all professional interactions and strive to report physicians deficient in character or competence, or engaging in fraud or deception, to appropriate entities.
  - a. True\*
  - b. False

7. Which of the following is not considered to be a core competency in residency training according to the ACGME?
  - a. Professionalism
  - b. Medical testing interpretation and understanding\*
  - c. Patient care
  - d. Interpersonal and communication skills
  - e. Medical knowledge
  
8. What is professionalism as it relates to physicians?
  - a. Commitment to high standards of professional conduct, demonstrating altruism, compassion, honesty and integrity\*
  - b. Engaging in a specific activity as one's main paid occupation rather than as a pastime
  - c. Wearing a suit, slacks or skirt, button shirt and a matching jacket
  - d. Expert diagnostic skills secondary to intense training in a particular subspecialty of medicine
  - e. Applying medical knowledge by investigating and evaluating own patient care
  
9. The American Psychiatric Association comments on a set of core abilities that every psychiatrist should master and utilize. These abilities include all of the following except?
  - a. Recognizing ethical aspects of a professional clinical situation
  - b. Reflecting on one's role, motives, potential "blind spots" and conflicting and competing interests
  - c. Seeking out and making use of additional knowledge and available resources when necessary
  - d. Systematically evaluating the ethical aspects of different clinical situations and identifying a course of action
  - e. Making decisions independently whenever possible in order to show independent practice skills and to not burden other providers\*
  
10. What does "dual agency" or "double agency" mean in terms of practicing psychiatry ethically?
  - a. Working for 2 separate psychiatric practices at the same time
  - b. Psychiatrists may have competing obligations that affect interactions with patients\*
  - c. Psychiatrists may, at times, have to not only fulfill a role as a caregiver to patients, but also may find themselves having to provide case management in order to assist patients
  - d. Carrying malpractice insurance from more than one insurance company at a time
  - e. A psychiatrist that has previously been through another residency training program in a different specialty
  
11. According to the APA, in terms of relations with the pharmaceutical industry: Psychiatrists do have to disclose their affiliations and relationships with the industry, but do not have to disclose financial involvement with the industry either to audiences in professional presentations or in clinical settings if they believe it is inconsequential.
  - a. True
  - b. False\*
  
12. All of the following is true about diagnostic overshadowing except?
  - a. The term was first used in 1982
  - b. It is the tendency for clinicians to attribute symptoms or behaviors of a person with learning disability to their underlying cognitive deficits
  - c. When it occurs, it causes over-diagnosis of physical problems in mentally ill patients\*

- d. In terms of psychiatric patients, it can contribute to delayed diagnosis and treatment of physical problems
13. All of the following are true of people with mental illness except?
- People with mental illness suffer higher rates of physical illness than the general population
  - People with mental illness are less likely to die prematurely as a result of physical illness than members of the general population because they are monitored more closely\*
  - A review of studies about life expectancy of persons suffering from schizophrenia, mainly from high income countries, have found that their lives are between 10 and 25 years shorter than those of the general population
  - The most common cause of death from natural causes in people with mental illness is cardiovascular disease
  - There is a higher case fatality rate among people with severe mental illness suffering from cancer
14. Psychiatric liaison team members have a key role in reducing the risk of misdiagnosis in mentally ill patients, as they sometimes act as the last safety net, turning 'real misses' into 'near misses' by insisting on or recommending further examination of patients referred to them who have been medically cleared when they suspect a missed medical diagnosis.
- True\*
  - False
15. Which of the following is an example of cognitive dissonance?
- Feeling like you are a "loser" because you made a mistake
  - You recognize that you're prone to "negative predictions"
  - Knowing that interacting with a pharmaceutical representative can persuade you to behave a certain way, but continuing to interact with them anyway because they are offering you something\*
  - Having overly positive feelings towards a patient
  - Thinking about oneself from the perspective of a "fly on the wall"
16. "Detailing" is one of the ways in which nurses and nursing assistants accomplishes one-on-one patient assistance to physicians.
- True
  - False\*
17. The "norm of reciprocity" is a term used by social scientists to explain the obligation to help those who have helped you and is one of the guiding principles of human interactions.
- True\*
  - False
18. All of the following are operational guidelines on gifts to physicians from industry from The Council of Ethical and Judicial Affairs (CEJA) except?
- The gift primarily benefits patients
  - The gift should not be of substantial value (defined by the AMA as more than \$100)
  - If the gift is an educational activity, it must be unbiased and legitimate
  - If the gift is food, it does not have a value limitation\*
  - No "strings" must be attached (gifts should not be contingent on physicians performing an activity specified by the company)

19. Despite acknowledgement of study findings to the contrary, doctors commonly state that they are able to effectively manage pharmaceutical company representative interactions such that their own prescribing is not adversely impacted

f. True\*

g. False

20. Dr. Rogers receives an invitation from an antipsychotic medication manufacturer to attend a weekend symposium on current prescribing recommendations in psychotic illness. The event is planned to be held at a very nice beachside resort. There is no cost to attend the conference and the lodging for each physician will be covered. Based on the AMA guidelines on gifts to physicians from industry, should Dr. Rogers attend this weekend symposium?

- a. Yes, since it will benefit patients
- b. Yes, since there is no value amount discussed
- c. Yes, since this is information Dr. Rogers needs in order to be a better prescriber
- d. No, since this event would be considered substantial value\*
- e. No, because he shouldn't be interacting with pharmaceutical representatives at all